

## LIST OF KINGS OF ASSYRIA

Sargon asserts that he was preceded by 330 Assyrian kings.

### HIGH-PRIESTS OF THE GOD ASSUR AT ASSUR (KALEH SHERGHAT) :—

	B.C.
Isme-Dagon . . . . .	cir. 1850
Samsi-Rimmon I his son . . . . .	1820
. . . . .	
Igur-kapkapu . . . . .	—
Samsi-Rimmon II his son (builder of the temple of Assur) . . . . .	—
. . . . .	
Khallu . . . . .	—
Irisum his son . . . . .	—

### KINGS OF ASSYRIA :—

Bel-kapkapu "the founder of the monarchy" <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	—
. . . . .	
Ada'si . . . . .	—

<sup>1</sup> In W. A. I. i. 35. 3. 24-26, we must read *Bel-kapkapu sarru pani alik makhri qudmu sarruti sa ana tsulili-sa ultu ullâ Assur ibbâ 'sima-su*, "Bel-kapkapu a former king who went before me, the founder of the monarchy, for whose protection Assur had from remote times proclaimed his destiny." There is no mention of a king Tsulili.

	B. C.
Bel-Bani his son . . . . .	—
Assur-suma-esir . . . . .	—
Uras-tuklat-Assuri his son (contemporary of Mur- gas-'Sipak of Babylonia) . . . . .	—
Erba-Rimmon . . . . .	—
Assur-nadin-akhi his son . . . . .	—
Assur-bil-nisi-su (contemporary of Kara-indas of Babylonia) . . . . .	—
Buzur-Assur (contemporary of Burna-buryas of Babylonia) . . . . .	cir. 1430
Assur-yuballidh <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	1400
Bel-nirari his son . . . . .	1380
Pudilu his son . . . . .	1360
Rimmon-nirari I his son (contemporary of Nazi- Urus of Babylonia) . . . . .	1340
Shalmaneser I his son (the founder of Calah) . . . . .	1320
Tiglath-Uras I his son <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	1300

<sup>1</sup> According to the "Synchronistic Tablet" Buzur-Assur was a contemporary of Burna-buryas of Babylonia, and since two of the royal correspondents of Amenophis IV Khu-en-Aten of Egypt, as we learn from the newly-discovered cuneiform tablets of Tel el-Amarna, were Assur-yuballidh of Assyria and Burna-buryas of Babylonia, it is probable that Assur-yuballidh was the successor of Buzur-Assur. According to the "Synchronistic Tablet" Assur-yuballidh's daughter Muballidhat-Serúa was the mother of Kara-Urus, king of Babylonia, who was murdered and succeeded by an usurper Nazi-bugas. Nazi-bugas himself had to make way for Kur-galzu "the younger," the son of Burna-buryas.

<sup>2</sup> A seal belonging to Tiglath-Uras was carried to Babylon B.C. 1290 and recovered by Sennacherib 600 years later. Unfortunately we do not know whether the seal was carried away during the lifetime of Tiglath-Uras or after his death. In any case his date must be earlier than B.C. 1290.

	B.C.
Assur-narara . . . . .	cir. 1250
Nebo-dân his son <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	1230
. . . . .	
Bel-kudurra-utsur . . . . .	1210
Uras-pileser . . . . .	1190
Assur-dan I his son <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	1170
Mutaggil-Nebo his son . . . . .	1150
Assur-ris-isi his son <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	1130
Tiglath-pileser I his son <sup>4</sup> . . . . .	1110
Assur-bil-kala his son . . . . .	1090
Samsi-Rimmon I his brother . . . . .	1070
. . . . .	
Assur-rab-buri . . . . .	—
. . . . .	
Tiglath-pileser II . . . . .	950
Assur-dân II his son . . . . .	930
Rimmon-nirari II his son . . . . .	B.C. 911
Tiglath-Uras II his son . . . . .	889
Assur-natsir-pal his son . . . . .	883
Shalmaneser II his son . . . . .	858
Assur-dain-pal his son (rebel king) . . . . .	825
Samsi-Rimmon II his brother . . . . .	823
Rimmon-nirari III his son . . . . .	810
Shalmaneser III . . . . .	781
Assur-dân III . . . . .	771
Assur-nirari . . . . .	753
Tiglath-pileser III Pulu (Pul, Poros) usurper . . . . .	745
Shalmaneser IV Ululâ usurper . . . . .	727
Sargon (? Jareb) usurper . . . . .	722

<sup>1</sup> These two kings were contemporaries of the Babylonian king Rimmon-suma-natsir, for whom cf. *Records of the Past*, new Ser., i. p. 16, no. 24.

<sup>2</sup> A contemporary of the Babylonian king Zamama-nadin-sumi, *Records*, new Ser., i. p. 16, no. 27.

<sup>3</sup> A contemporary of the Babylonian king Nebo-kudurra-utsur.

<sup>4</sup> Defeated by Merodach-nadin-akhi of Babylonia in B.C. 1106 according to Sennacherib; see *Records*, new Ser., i. p. 87.

	B.C.
Sennacherib his son . . . . .	705
Esar-haddon I his son . . . . .	681
Assur-bani-pal (Sardanapallos) his son . . . . .	668
Assur-etil-ilani-yukinni his son <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	648?
Sin-sarra-iskun . . . . .	?
Esar-haddon II (Sarakos) . . . . .	?
Destruction of Nineveh . . . . .	606

<sup>1</sup> He was still reigning over Babylonia in his 4th year.

### EGYPTIAN CALENDAR

Months.	Sacred Year begins	Alexandrine <sup>1</sup> Year begins
Thoth	July 20	August 29
Paophi	August 19	September 28
Athyr	September 18	October 28
Khoiak	October 18	November 27
Tybi	November 17	December 27
Mekhir	December 17	January 26
Phamenoth	January 16	February 25
Pharmuthi	February 15	March 27
Pakhons	March 17	April 26
Payni	April 16	May 26
Epeiphi	May 16	June 25
Mesorê	June 15	July 25
The Epagomenæ		August 24-28

<sup>1</sup> The Alexandrine year began B.C. 25.

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